EXHIBIT IN - 1

DEFINITION OF TERMS

```
= Density of Water (numerically = \gamma_w)
 D.
        = Void Ratio
 e
 LL
         Liquid Limit
           Mass or Mass Weight (M = \frac{W}{32.2})
 M
           Porosity; Percent Voids
 PI
           Plasticity Index
        = Plastic Limit
 PL
           Degree of Saturation
           Shrinkage Index
 SI
SL
       = Shrinkage Limit
         Total Volume of a Soil
       = Volume of Air
\nabla_{\mathbf{R}}
Vs
          Volume of Soil Solids
          Volume of Voids
V<sub>v</sub>
         Volume of Soil Water
V_{\omega}
       = Volume of Mass
V_{M}
W
          Total Weight of Soil
       = Weight of Air (value usually zero)
Wa
Ws
       = Weight of Soil Solids
Ww
       = Weight of Soil Water
       = Water Content of Soil -- percent of dry weight
w
7
      = Unit Weight (General Definition)
      = Unit Dry Weight
\gamma_d
\gamma_{\rm m}
      = Unit Moist Weight
         Unit Saturated Weight
7<sub>sat</sub>
      = Unit Weight of Water (numerically same as Dw)
7w
```

Coefficient of Uniformity

Coefficient of Curvature

 c_{u}

Cc

EXHIBIT - IN-2

SOILS INFORMATION FOR CONSERVATION PRACTICES

Field logs not normally needed but do Erodibility, slope, wetness,

need to consider soils information. droughty, rooting depth,

Soils Investigation Required

Practice

Grassed Waterways

Spring Development

	need to consider sorts information.	stony, depth to rock, slow percolation.
Terraces, Diversions, Water and Sediment Control basins	Field logs not normally needed but do need to consider soils information.	Depth to rock, stony, pans, erodibility, wetness, too sandy, soil blowing, slope, wetness, slow percolation.
Grade Stabilization Structures (Pipe drops, pipes, box inlet)	Soil borings along centerline fill. Unified classification of logs.	Solid footing, depth to rock, wetness, seepage lenses, piping, hard to pack, caving.
Ponds, debris basins, dikes, pit ponds	Soil borings along centerline fill, in borrow areas, and in pool areas, where applicable, Unified classification of logs.	Seepage lenses, wetness, depth to rock, piping, hard to pack, stony, slow refill, caving.
Drainage Mains & Laterals	Soil borings along proposed channel. Unified classifiecation of logs.	Stability (TR-25), depth to rock, wetness, seepage, allowable velocity, stony, frost action, caving.
Drainage Field Ditches	Field logs not normally needed but do need to consider soils information.	Wetness, allowable velocity, depth to rock.
Subsurface Drains	Field logs not normally needed except in special situations. Do need to consider soils information.	Wetness, permeability, sand material, depth, depth to rock, pans, subsides, slope, frost action, slope, caving.
Irrigation	Field logs not normally needed but do need to consider soils information.	Intake rate (slow or fast) droughty, wetness, rooting depth, slope, erodibility, floods, stony, soil blowing, flooding.
Waste Storage Pond and Treatment Lagoon	Soil borings in area of excavation, 2 feet below lowest excavation. Unified classification of logs.	Wetness, seepage, depth to rock, piping, stony, hard to pack.

Depth to rock or restrictive

layer.

Soil Factors

Soil borings in area of collector

system.